Alg 4 Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 WS Assessment

 Target 20:

Unit circle

**I can:**

* Extend the understanding of trigonometric functions using unit circle in degrees and radians

 **Unit 8: Trigonometry Function**

* [**HSF.TF.A.2**](http://www.corestandards.org/Math/Content/HSF/TF/A/2/): Explain how the unit circle in the coordinate plane enables the extension of trigonometric functions to all real numbers, interpreted as radian measures of angles traversed counterclockwise around the unit circle.
* [**HSF.TF.B.5**](http://www.corestandards.org/Math/Content/HSF/TF/B/5/): Choose trigonometric functions to model periodic phenomena with specified amplitude, frequency, and midline.\*
* [**HSF.IF.C.7.E**](http://www.corestandards.org/Math/Content/HSF/IF/C/7/e/): Graph ~~exponential and logarithmic functions, showing intercepts and end behavior, and~~ trigonometric functions, showing period, midline, and amplitude.

HW# 20 Unit Circle [www.deltamath.com](http://www.deltamath.com)

Angle and Their Measurement

Radian: A radian is a length of the arc that equal to its radius

Sketch 1 radian angle

Convert 2π radian = 360o 1π = 3.14 radian = ? \_\_\_\_ degree

90o = ? \_\_\_\_ radian π /4 = .785 radian = ? \_\_\_\_ degree

Degrees to radians, multiply by $\frac{π}{180}$ Radians to degrees, multiply by $\frac{180}{π}$

Convert the following between degree and radian

60o → radian \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ π /6 → degree \_\_\_\_\_\_

20o → radian \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ π /5 → degree \_\_\_\_\_\_

1o → radian \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 1 radian → degree \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

DMS angle 1 Degree = 60 Minutes; Minute = 60 Seconds

Convert the following between DMS and degree

37.415o = 42o24'6” =

49.7o = 48o30'36” =

Convert the following between DMS and radian

61o21' = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3π / 7 = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 DMS 🡪 Decimal 🡪 Radian Radian 🡪 Decimal 🡪 DMS

71o77'20” = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 1.3 = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Find the length of an arc of a circle with radius 10m that subtends a central angle of 30o.

 Degree formula Radian formula

A central angle $θ$ in a circle of radius 4m is subtended by an arc of length 6m. Find the measure of $θ$

 Degree formula Radian formula

Given the radius is r = 1, if the value of angle A is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (you fill in). Find the arc length using formula in both ways.



Find the area of sector of 4 o’clock piece (radius = 5 inches)

 Degree formula Radian formula

**Angles in Standard Position** if it is drawn in the xy-plane with its vertex at the origin and its initial side on the positive x-axis. Positive direction = counter clockwise

Sketch the following angles

45o 120o - 75o -180o

375o -1235o 2450o 3π

-5π -5 rad Your choice: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Two angles in standard position are **coterminal** if their sides coincide.

Find angles that are coterminal with, in standard position

the angle θ = 30o the angle θ = π /3

The **reference angle** is the acute angle (form with x-axis) that can represent an angle of any measure. The values of the trig functions of angle θ are the same as the trig values of the reference angle for θ, give or take a minus sign.

Sketch the angle and its reference (write the values). Check with calculator

375o -235o 245o 1.5π 1 rad



Unit Circle: The Unit Circle is the circle centered at the origin with radius 1 unit.
We are going to deal primarily with special angles around the unit circle,
namely the multiples of 30o , 45o , 60o , and 90o .
All angles throughout this unit will be drawn in standard position.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Multiple of 90

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Angle | 0o | 90 o | 180 o | 270 o | 360 o |
| Radian |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sine |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cosine |  |  |  |  |  |

 | Multiple of 45

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Angle |  o |  o |  o |  o |  |
| Radian |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sine |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cosine |  |  |  |  |  |

 |
| Multiple of 60

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Angle |  o |  o |  o |  o |  |
| Radian |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sine |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cosine |  |  |  |  |  |

 | Multiple of 90

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Angle |  o |  o |  o |  o |  |
| Radian |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sine |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cosine |  |  |  |  |  |

 |

Put all four together



Use your unit circle, fill in the blank

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | 0o |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 0 | π /6 | π /4 | π /3 | π /2 | 2π/3 | 3π/4 | 5π/6 | π | 7π/6 | 5π/4 | 4π/3 | 3π/2 | 5π/3 | 7π/4 | 11π/6 |
| Sin |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cos |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tan |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Csc |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sec |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cot |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

**Assessment Target 20**

**I can** … do unit circle

Find the length of the arc on a circle of radius r = 60 inches intercepted by a central angle θ = 20°

Sketch the following angle and find its reference, and one coterminal angle

$ θ=$213o $θ=1.$25 π

Convert the following between DMS and radian

52o21' = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2π/3 = = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

DMS 🡪 Decimal 🡪 Radian Radian 🡪 Decimal 🡪 DMS

35o32'20” = = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2.13 = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_= \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

DMS 🡪 Decimal 🡪 Radian Radian 🡪 Decimal 🡪 DMS

Find all 6 trig functions for the angle

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Degree | Radian | Sine | Cosine | Tangent | Cosecant | Secant | Cotangent |
| 210o |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 7π /4  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Find the values of the 6 trig functions of θ with the given constraint of negative tangent:

 (Hint: What quadrant with positive sine and negative tangent). Show work

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Degree | Radian | Sine(+) | Cosine | Tangent(–) | Cosecant | Secant | Cotangent |
|  |  | 3/8 |  |  |  |  |  |